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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/513,962	02/28/2000	Scott A McDermott	AA-990915	9064	
23662	7590 05/27/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
ROBERT M. MCDERMOTT, ESQ. 1824 FEDERAL FARM ROAD			FAN, CHIEH M		
MONTROSS, VA 22520			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2634		

DATE MAILED: 05/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/513,962	MCDERMOTT ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Chieh M. Fan	2634			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app					
		/ IC CET TO EVOIDE AMONTH	(C) FROM			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tired within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 De	ecember 2004.				
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>2-12 and 14-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>2-10 and 14-20</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>11 and 12</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 February 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
۵,۱	1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		ion No.			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•				
	application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	·			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/5/05</u> .					

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The claimed limitation, "does not include a substantial sequence of bits that are common among each of the other message", does not have support from the specification. In fact, the term "a substantial sequence of bits" has never even appeared in the specification.

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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4. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As indicated above, the term "a substantial sequence of bits" has never appeared in the specification, it is therefore not clear how to interpret such term. Further, the claimed limitation "each message has an associated code-phase, and does not include a substantial sequence of bits that are common among each of the other message" is indefinite and controversial. For example, if there are three transmitters that transmit messages A, B and C, respectively. If the claimed "each message" is referred to message A, then the substantial sequence of bits would not be included in message A but would be common for the messages B and C. On the other hand, if the claimed "each message" is referred to message B, then the substantial sequence of bits would not be included in message B but would be common for the messages A and C. The second situation clearly conflicts with the first situation since messages A and C do not have common substantial sequence of bits in the first situation. Therefore, the claimed limitation is indefinite.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Abramson (U.S. Patent No. 6,151,313).

Abramson discloses a communications system comprising:

a plurality of transmitters that are configured to communicate messages to a receiver, each transmitter of the plurality of transmitters being configured to operate substantially autonomously, and independent of the receiver, and each transmitter being configured to communicate its message to the receiver using substantially identical transmission parameters as each other transmitter, including using a common spreading-code within a common communications channel (lines 1-3 of claim 1 or lines 1-6 of claim 6), and

wherein each message has an associated code-phase that is independent of the receiver, and independent of each other message (col. 3, lines 11-12; that is, the transmitters are independent), an does not include a substantial sequence of bits that are common among each of the other messages (the term "a substantial sequence of bits" has never been mentioned in Abramson).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abramson (U.S. Patent No. 6,151,313) in view of Secord et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,373,831, "Secord" hereinafter).

Abramson teaches the claimed invention (see the rationale applied to claim 11 above), but does not specifically teach that the each message contains an error correction code.

However, the use of an error correction code is well known in the art to improve the quality and reliability of communication. Second teaches a spread spectrum system comprises an error correction encoder (10 in Fig. 1) to encode the message before spreading and transmitting the message. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the error correction encoder of Second in place of the encoder of Abramson, so as to improve the quality and reliability of communication.

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Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 12/13/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicants argue that the Abramson reference does not teach a communication system wherein each of the message does not include a substantial sequence of bits that are common among each of the other message because Abramson teaches a communication system wherein each message includes a synchronization sequence of bits that are common among each of the other messages.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., Abramson teaches a communication system wherein each message includes a synchronization sequence of bits that are common among each of the other messages) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). The claim never recites a synchronization sequence. Further, the description in Abramson cited by the applicants at most teaches that each message contains a synchronization sequence. The cited description never teaches that the synchronization sequence is common among all the messages.

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 2-10 and 14-20 are allowed.

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Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chieh M. Fan whose telephone number is (571) 272-3042. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00AM-5:30PM, Alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Chin can be reached on (571) 272-3056. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chieh M Fan Primary Examiner Art Unit 2634

May 18, 2005